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GLASS WARE

ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO LTD

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

ANOTHER BRITISH BOXING DEFEAT.

Jimmy Wilde Beaten by American.

London, January 13. At the Albert Hall, a contest, fixed for 20 rounds, took place between Jimmy Wilde, the World's Flyweight Champion, and Peter Herman (American Bantamweight). In the seventeenth round, the referee stopped the fight in Herman's favour.

FALL OF FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

Some of the Causes Explained.

London, January 12. The overthrow of the Leygues Government is ascribable to a variety of causes. It was always regarded as a sort of buffer between two strong men, M. Millerand and M. Brindin, whose accession to the Premiership was regarded as a certainty after M. Millerand's election as President. The latter, however, decided otherwise. Thus some bitterness has always remained.

Moreover, M. Leygues was condemned as being too acquiescent in the British standpoint and insufficiently insistent for the interests of France, especially concerning the strict execution of the Treaty of Versailles.

The majority in the Chamber is very dissatisfied at the German postponements and excuses, and looks to reparations in money to repair French finances, which have been gravely disorganized. Hence the latent feeling against M. Leygues reached a boiling point. Future experience must decide whether a new Cabinet, with a so-called strong and firm policy, will promote or detract from the Anglo-French Entente.

German Hopes and Fears.

Berlin, January 12. The hopes and fears of Germany are reflected in the comments on the fall of the French Government, which is being keenly discussed by the papers as foreshadowing a possible new phase in French post-war policy.

The reactionary organs opine that the Chamber wants a stronger man than M. Leygues to tackle Britain and Italy on the question of German disarmament and they expect a harsher policy towards Germany, but the Socialist organs believe that France's financial difficulties will compel her to approach Germany with a view to an economic and ultimately a political understanding.

The Chamber's Vote.

Paris, January 11. The Chamber repelled by 453 votes to 133 the postponement of interpellations on general politics, requested by M. Leygues, whereupon the Ministers quit the Chamber.—*Hans.*

Resignation Accepted.

Paris, January 11. M. Leygues gave President Millerand the collective resignation of the Cabinet, which the President accepted.—*Hans.*

The Re-opening of Parliament.

Paris, January 11. Parliament was re-opened to-day by speeches by the two dozen. M. Siegfried, doyen of the Chamber, expressed his trust in France's future and said the French economic situation will soon be established by rapid exportations and augmentation. He exposed the Republican platform for ameliorating the moral and material situation of the workers and declared finally that France should abandon the class struggle.

M. Denis, the Senate's doyen, declared that the French Army should be strong so as to police Germany to execute the Peace-Treaty. He said France would not stay alone. Her friends, Englishmen and Americans, were not indifferent to the dangers threatening world civilization. M. Denis concluded by asserting his unshakable faith in the future of the League of Nations.

The Chamber re-elected as President M. Raoul Peret and the same four Vice-Presidents.—*Hans.*

DOVER BY-ELECTION.

"Anti-Waste" Candidate Returned.

London, January 12. The by-election at Dover resulted as follows:— Sir Thomas Polson (Independent) ... 13,947 Mr. Astor (Conservative) ... 10,817 Sir Thomas Polson was an "anti-waste" candidate, concentrating his efforts on attacking the Government's alleged extravagance.

BRITAIN'S NATIONAL DEBT.

How it has Steadily Grown.

London, January 12. A White Paper gives particulars of the National Debt for every year since 1875, when it was £76,000,000. Thereafter it declined to £628,000,000 in 1900 and rose reaching £770,000,000 in 1904. It decreased in 1905, continuing to decrease till the opening of the war. The figures for 1921 are £7,811,000,000.

TEST TENNIS.

Results of Australia v. America Match.

Melbourne, January 12. In a tennis test match between Australia and the United States, Tilden (America) beat Hawkes by 6/3, 6/3, whilst Washburn (America) beat Patterson by 7/5, 6/3. Brookes and O'Hare Wood (Australia) beat Tilden and Johnston by 6/4, 7/5, 6/3. Hardy, the American captain, declared that the doubles event was the greatest game ever played in the world.

Tilden said he was most grateful that they did not meet O'Hare Wood and Brookes in the Davis Cup.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

FRENCH CONFEDERATION OF LABOUR.

Dissolved and Leaders Fined.

Paris, January 12. The Court has ordered the property of the Confederation of Labour to be liquidated.

The Correctional Court, after a protracted trial, dissolved the General Confederation of Labour and imposed on M. Jouhaux and four other leaders a joint fine of a hundred francs and the payment of costs.

The prosecution was initiated by M. Millerand's Government on account of the Confederation's activities during the railway strike last May in calling sympathetic strikes in industries essential to the country's life.

Decision to be Challenged.

The General Confederation of Labour is astounded at the Court's sentence and has issued a manifesto of its intention to challenge the decision. It violently attacks the Government and vehemently asserts that Labour will never agree to dissolution.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS BIRTHDAY.

Messages from King and Premier.

London, January 12. The first birthday of the League of Nations was impressively celebrated at the Albert Hall yesterday. There was a full attendance of foreign and Dominion Governments' representatives, including Siam. The principal speakers were Viscount Grey, Lord Robert Cecil and Mr. George Barnes, M.P.

H. M. the King telephoned that there was every reason to be thankful at the work accomplished during the first year of the League and appealed to the women of the British Empire to support the organisation, the high ideals of which were the only guarantee to future generations against desolating war.

The Premier, in the course of a message, said the League embodied the deepest hopes of mankind. Its machinery had made a good start and its subsequent success depended upon the nations represented insisting on fair, open dealing with one another.

Lord Robert Cecil said while the League had made mistakes and missed opportunities, there were still many difficulties to overcome. Anyone who said it had done nothing lied. It had already grown in size, organisation, reputation and authority. Wherever tested it was found adequate for the purpose for which it was devised.

A GLUT OF COAL.

Fixed Export Prices Abandoned.

London, January 12. Owing to a glut of coal stocks, Scottish colalmasters have agreed to abandon fixed prices for exporting coal and to transact future business on pre-war competitive lines. There is more coal now being produced in Scotland than can be marketed. The railway sidings are congested with unwanted loaded wagons.

The industrial demand has diminished one-third as steel works are running to three-fourths capacity, while the disturbed condition of Ireland has curtailed the export to Ireland.

Owing to the shipping slump, sixty vessels have been indefinitely laid up on the Tyne side and dozens of others have left foreign ports for a like purpose. Many others are lying in the river awaiting cargoes.

It is stated that coal can now be shipped and delivered to Norway from Australia a pound per ton cheaper than from England.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Sixty Prisoners Sentenced.

London, January 12. Sixty prisoners captured at the so-called dance at Bruff, have been sentenced by Court Martial to ten years' penal servitude, each of which five years have been remitted.

THE GREEK OPERATIONS.

London, January 13. Reuter has learned from the Greek Legation that the Greek Government has received a wireless from Smyrna to the effect that the Greek forces are vigorously advancing and have so far dispersed three enemy divisions whilst one Nationalist General has been taken prisoner.

BRITISH RAILWAYMEN AND SHORT TIME.

London, January 12. The Executive of the National Union of Railwaymen has rejected the Government's short-time proposals.

TO-DAY'S CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

Peking, January 13. Luk Yue-kwong, son of Luk Wing-ting, has returned to Peking after consulting with Tso Kwan in Paoting and is now preparing to go to Fengtien to see Chang Jok-lin.

It is reported that Luk Yue-kwong has made five proposals to Tso Kwan:—1. Abolition of the post of Territory Defence Commissioner of Kwangsi; 2. the taking of strict precautions against the Provinces of Kwangtung, Hunan, Yunnan and Kansu; 3. the borrowing of foreign loans to meet military expenses in Kwangsi; 4. supply of ammunition to Kwangsi from the Central Government; 5. the military forces of Kwangsi to be backed up by that of both Chih and Fengtien provinces. It is said that Tso has agreed to all conditions except the third.

The soldiers in Changsha have again caused trouble, and railway traffic is again interrupted.

An arrangement has been concluded between Wong Chin-yuen, Tuchun of Hupeh, and Chao Hsing-tai, Tuchun of Hunan, to the effect that all the military forces in Hunan be nominally under the former's control as he is the Inspector of the two Provinces, but the expenses will be met by the Peking Government. Further, that the independence of Hunan must be immediately cancelled. These terms have been signed and sent to Peking.

(Other Early and Special Telegrams on Page 1.)

KWANGTUNG MINING CONCESSION.

Given to Two Parties?

Paris, January 12. The *Canton Times* of to-day publishes the following:

An agreement made the 25th day of October, 1918, between Charles Edward Richardson, of Hongkong, Merchant, of the first part, the Military Governor of the Province of Kwangtung, China, of the second part, the Commissioner of Finance of the Province of Kwangtung, of the third part, and the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs of the Province of Kwangtung, of the fourth part; whereas the said Commissioner of Finance has applied to the said Charles Edward Richardson for a loan of dollars one hundred thousand and (100,000) Hongkong currency, for the general purpose of the provincial government and the said Charles Edward Richardson has agreed to lend the said sum on the terms and conditions herein-after set forth, and whereas the said Military Governor has sanctioned the said loan and has agreed to be responsible for its repayment, and whereas the said Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, being cognizant of the said loan, has agreed to guarantee its repayment, now these presents witness as follows:

1. The said Charles Edward Richardson shall immediately upon the signing and sealing of this agreement pay to the said Commissioner of Finance the sum of dollars one hundred thousand and (100,000) Hongkong currency for the period of one year according to the calendar of the Republic of China.

2. The said sum of one hundred dollars shall be repaid in full nine hundred and nineteen; if the whole or any part of the said sum is not fully repaid on the date, the amount remaining unpaid shall bear interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum in advance.

3. As security for the repayment of the said loan and interest, the said Commissioner of Finance (with the authority and consent of the said Military Governor) hereby pledges and hypothecates in the said Charles Edward Richardson the whole of the Revenue and Income of that District of Haifung, Lukfung, Waitung and Heungsban and the said Commissioner (with the like authority and consent) hereby authorizes the said Charles Edward Richardson (in the event of default being made in the repayment of the said loan and interest or of any part thereof) to enter into, seize and take possession of the said Revenue and collect same until the said loan and interest are fully paid with all expenses actually in the collection thereof.

5. In the consideration of the above loan the Military Governor and Commissioner of Finance hereby agree to grant to the said Charles Edward Richardson the right to search for prospect and work (in accordance with the mining laws and regulations of China as existing at present) all mines, metals and minerals, which may hereafter be discovered or opened in upon or under any public or government land in any part of the province of Kwangtung except in the case of those mines metals and minerals which have already been discovered or opened or worked by other people prior to Mr. Richardson's application for the same.

6. In further consideration of the said loan the said Military Governor and the said Commissioner of Finance and of the Central Government hereby covenant and agree with the said Charles Edward Richardson that all the terms and conditions of this agreement shall be duly and faithfully carried out.

In witness thereof, the said Charles Edward Richardson has hereunto set his hand and seal and the said Military Governor and the said Commissioner of Finance and of the Central Government have hereunto set their respective seals.

KOWLOON ISOLATED.

No Phone Communication With Hongkong.

Telephonic communication between Hongkong and Kowloon has been interrupted for two days now.

It appears that the underground cable on the Praia East is damaged, and the defect was not observed till yesterday. The first visible signs came at noon yesterday and by the afternoon it had developed rapidly, making communication by telephone impossible.

The European staff on construction work and Chinese members of the staff worked the whole of last night on the job, and it is hoped that connection with Kowloon will be re-established at about 4 p.m. to-day.

ASSAULT CASE.

Filipinos Summoned by Chinese Woman.

A Filipino, named Calve, and his wife, were charged by a Chinese woman with assault. It is morning before Mr. R. E. Lindsell.

The Filipino woman said that the complainant had on several occasions played the part of a eavesdropper on her, and had been caught at the door of her bedroom a number of times. On the last occasion the complainant assaulted her son, a child just over one year of age, and she (the defendant) had occasion to inflict a blow on the complainant's face with a slipper.

The complainant stated that she was assaulted by a young boy belonging to the defendant's family. She was employed by another master, who lived in the same house as the defendant. The case was remanded until this afternoon to enable the defendant to take out a cross-summons against the complainant.

MUKDEN GIRL STUDENTS ATTACKED BY POLICE.

It is reported in a Mukden dispatch that 80 students of the Chinese Girls' Normal School in that city came into collision with a party of policemen, and a tussle ensued between them. The incident occurred when the students were going to attend a conference of anti-Japanese students, in defiance of the prohibition of their teachers. Their misbehaviour called for a severe reproof from the Director of the Educational Department of the local province.

BRANDY REMOVED.

Chinese Retailer's Offence.

A summons for the removal of 34 cases of brandy from a bonded warehouse without a permit and, alternately, with being in possession of the consignment without having paid the prescribed duties, was this morning brought against a Chinese by the Imports and Exports Department, and heard before Mr. G. N. Orme.

The defendant admitted to removing the cases from the warehouse but said nothing in regard to the extraction thereof when they reached his shop.

Mr. N. L. Smith, of the Imports and Exports Department, said that under the regulations the defendant was required to move the cases straight from the bonded warehouse to the ship, instead of which he removed them into his own shop without the cognizance of the Department, and extracted therefrom a number of bottles. The two charges were, more or less alternative ones, and he would ask for the confiscation of the brandy.

Being a retail dealer, and doing quite a large business in his way the defendant was in a position to repeat his offence frequently without detection.

The defendant said that the fault lay with his workmen, who were ignorant of the regulations.

In reply to the Magistrate, a Revenue Officer said that similar offences had occurred very often, but not so where the bottles were extracted from the cases.

Mr. Smith remarked that the defendant simply pleaded guilty to the technical offence of removing the cases, but mentioned nothing about his having extracted the bottles from the cases as they lay in his shop, a fact which gave a different complexion to the nature of the offence.

The Revenue Officer informed the Court that the defendant had extracted 42 bottles from the 14 cases of brandy, and had re-nailed the latter, showing to all appearances that they were intact.

A fine of \$100 was inflicted by the Magistrate, who also granted the application that the brandy be confiscated by the Imports and Exports Department.

DAY BY DAY.

There is now a petition before the Civil Governor at Canton from a body of citizens asking for the abolition of the brothels in the Province.

TO-DAY'S EXCHANGE.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand, to-day was 2s. 11/7 1/6.

THE WEATHER.

NOTICE.



NEW DANCE RECORDS

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9, ICE HOUSE STREET.
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER.CHRONOMETERS, CLOCKS, WATCHES AND NAUTICAL
INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED UNDER MY
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LATEST MODEL BRITISH MADE
MOTORCYCLES WITH SIDE CAR

"Bat" Jap Combination

'Matchless' Model "H."

UNION ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

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COMMERCIAL NEWS.

BELGIAN COAL.

Belgium is reported turning out coal at her present rate.

MOTOR LORRIES IN JAVA.

Motor lorries are being substituted for bullock carts on the tea plantations of Java.

MEXICO OIL SHIPMENTS.

Shipments of oil from Mexico have doubled during the last twelve months.

PRODUCTION OF FORD CARS.

During the working year ended July 31 last, the Ford works produced nearly a million motor-cars.

BRIDGE OVER SYDNEY HARBOUR.

It is proposed to construct a bridge over Sydney harbour. The cost will be over five millions sterling.

SHANGHAI-MINGHONG MOTOR TRACKS.

It is stated that automobile tracks are to be built between Shanghai and Minghong.

AMERICAN MACHINERY FOR CHINESE MILLS.

Most of the new cotton mills being constructed in China are having American machinery installed.

FOREIGN TRADE OF JAPAN.

According to an official report of the Department of Finance the excess of imports of the foreign of Japan up to the 25th December shows Yen 301,818,000.

ROLLS ROYCE FACTORY AT FULL PRESSURE.

The Rolls-Royce factory at Derby is running at full capacity and cannot book orders for delivery prior to April, 1922.

CANADIAN AGENCIES.

Large Canadian firms are protesting against the practice of some British firms who place their Canadian agencies for the Dominion in the hands of New York houses.

JAPANESE DYES.

Japanese manufacturers are producing black and methylviolic dyes of good quality, but in other colours they cannot compete with imported dyes states *Shipping and Engineering*.

PHILIPPINE OIL TANKS.

The A.P.C. is erecting at Cebu (P. I.) two fuel-oil tank-containers with a capacity of about 1,500 tons each, and a large petroleum depot at the port. They are situated on a reef at the south entrance to the harbour, and are expected to be completed in April, 1921.

DUTCH INVESTMENTS IN CHINA.

Kings interest is being shown in the Netherlands and Netherlands Indies in regard to investments of capital in China for industrial and engineering enterprises. A Dutch syndicate has lately been organized, at the head of which is Mr. de Jea, manager of the company that built the harbour of Chefoo. The syndicate has an office at Peking.

PRICE OF GOODS IN TOKYO.

A Tokyo report states:—"The Department of Agriculture and Commerce has announced that the percentage of the average of all the prices of goods in Tokyo in the month of November was 93 per cent compared with that in the month of October and 89 per cent compared with that in August and shows a tendency of prices declining in the markets in Tokyo."

GERMAN EXPORT PROSPECTS.

Germany's prospects as exporter of metal building material goods and hardware have been greatly furthered by the success with which the Iron Industry Union, the official compulsory syndicate for pig iron and heavy steel goods has succeeded in cutting down prices. The production cost of iron has of late not increased, and in some branches has fallen. Owing to this, it was twice possible during the summer to reduce heavily pig iron and steel prices, and from November I last, for a third time, prices, with the exception of pig iron, were heavily reduced.

WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

A woman at Bow County Court—It is true that I am living with another man, but my husband keeps me.

A man at West London County Council—I hope your honour will not regard my bad handwriting as a blemish on my character.

Judge Macklin—Gracious me, not

That would be condemning half the respectable people in the world.

A solicitor to a woman at Westminster County Court—Do you deny—? The woman quickly—Absolutely; I deny it before you say so. The Judge—That is bold. Why so quick?

The Woman—Because I saw that paper last week.

"RANJI" AS STATESMAN.

Famous Cricketer on the League of Nations.

There are some delegates to the League of Nations Assembly whose views on the League and its future are known in advance.

There are others—and their opinions are in many ways the better worth discovering—who bring to Geneva fresh and unprejudiced minds, prepared to be impressed by things as they see them, writes Mr. H. Wilson Harris.

Among the latter no one has expressed judgments more suggestive or instructive than the member of the Indian Delegation who, though every official document ever issued describes him as Lieutenant Maharajah Shri Sir Ranjitsinhji Vibhaji (the Jam Sahib of Nawangar), G. B. E. K.C.S.I. will never be known to the British public as anything but "Ranji." It might be better, by the way, for England as well as for India, if the public would learn to take this notable man as seriously as they take other figures known only in connection with serious pursuits.

STATESMAN FIRST.

A kind of impression appears to have got about that India is represented at the League Assembly first and foremost by international cricketers. Nothing could be further from the truth.

The Jam Sahib is before all else a statesman. One of the ruling princes of India, who between them control more than 70,000,000 inhabitants, he is placed by Englishmen intimately acquainted with his administration among the dozen most progressive, most enlightened and most statesmanlike men in the Indian Empire.

And it is impossible to hear the Jam Sahib talk for ten minutes without being convinced that that judgment is sound.

The impression made by the League on a mind of that order the more so since it is a mind familiar equally with the processes of Oriental and of Western politics, has an interest particularly its own, and I count myself fortunate to be able to transmit the substance of a full and considered statement made by his Highness to a small private gathering here in Geneva.

"I have been deeply impressed," said the Jam Sahib, "by the extraordinary ability displayed by the Assembly, and not less so the evidence it has continually given of character and of sincerity.

When all the adverse conditions, notably, of course, the fact that delegates have come from the ends of the earth with no previous experience of any gathering of the kind, the promise of efficiency is remarkably.

THE SPIRIT OF FRATERNITY.

"So much I would say," his Highness continued, "of the impression the Assembly itself has made on me as I come fresh to it. As for the League as a whole, I am convinced it is an instrument capable of achieving a great work in the world—such work, indeed, as the world has never yet seen.

The machinery, of course, will have to be carefully watched and the relative duties of the Assembly and the Executive clearly defined and controlled in practice. The organisation of the Secretariat is as yet immature, and it is of vital importance that the danger of the creation of a bureaucracy be avoided."

WHAT IS NEEDED NOW.

"It is easy enough," the Prince added, in an arresting passage, "to damn with faint praise: to be willing to wound and yet afraid to strike. The Press can make the League of Nations, for the power of the Press, if it would only realize it, is an irresistible power. I would make an appeal to the Press to use that giant power worthily. The old world crushed Christ. Will the new world crucify the spirit of Christ, the spirit of all great teachers, that already dwells, latent but potential, in the League of Nations? It is for the Press to answer that question. No one else can.

"Of course," the Indian delegate conceded, in conclusion, "the League is still far from having attained its full power. The most important thing it has done yet is to have constituted itself successfully. What is needed now is first of all effective propaganda of the right kind, and secondly a frank and explicit agreement between members of the Assembly to be ready in a self-sacrificing spirit to accept views other than their own. The temptation to compromise as a means of avoiding difficulties for the moment must be resolutely resisted. It is no true statesmanship to compromise merely to gain time or evade the duty of facing facts. The one and only way must be followed in all particulars. Lord Robert Cecil was right with his motto, 'Be just and fear not'; but a general motto that fails to get applied in particular cases is meaningless, or worse."

Ex Oriente Lux. There may be Western statesmen who have spoken more clearly, more convincingly, and more hopefully.

If there are I have been singularly unfortunate in having failed to observe them.

GOODWILL IN INDUSTRY.

Dr. Macnamara's Hope in "Whitleyism."

An appeal for confidence and goodwill in industry was made by Dr. Macnamara, Minister of Labour, when he distributed the prizes to the students of the Loughborough Technical College, Leicestershire, recently.

There was at the present moment, he said every need for well-directed organisation, energy and enterprise. In the years immediately to come, the world must see the greatest reconstruction effort that history had ever known.

Everything depended on the extent to which they brought to their opportunities prompt and ready organisation, initiative, adaptability, resourcefulness, and the spirit of co-operation, goodwill and comradeship. For the time being they had run into the heavy weather of industrial depression and unemployment. It was, naturally, giving grave concern, but the sky would, in due course, clear, and great possibilities would be before them.

The success of industrial undertakings depended, like everything else, on the relationships between the parties. If employers and employed proceeded on the "Pull Devil, pull Baker" principle, success was impossible. Happily in more cases than perhaps was realized, the relationships between employers and employed were on the far different basis of mutual goodwill and mutual confidence and trust.

There were mischievously-minded people who insisted that the interests of the employer and the employee could never be other than antagonistic, but the successful application of the spirit of "Whitleyism" in industry was slowly but surely establishing the contrary.

There were now 63 joint industrial councils, with district associated councils and committees, together with 15 interim industrial reconstruction committees, covering in all some 312 millions of workpeople, actively engaged in the effort to secure settlements by agreement not merely on questions of wages and hours, but on many other questions affecting the comfort, safety, and welfare of the working people.

By the agency of these industrial councils, progressive improvement in the conditions of industry was being secured, with minimum of irritation and interruption, and with enduring results, to a far greater extent than was realized by anybody outside the Ministry of Labour.

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NOTICE.

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"DANFA"	24th Jan.	London, Amsterdam & Hamburg
"EXION"	6th Feb.	Amsterdam, London & Antwerp
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"TERESIAS"	1st Mar.	Amsterdam, London & Antwerp

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

(Direct or via Continental Ports)

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"BELLEROPHON"	24th Jan.	Genua, Marseilles & Liverpool
"ANCHISES"	5th Feb.	Liverpool & Glasgow
"KNIGHT TEMPLAR"	8th Feb.	Genua, Havre & Liverpool

PACIFIC SERVICE

(via Kobe and Yokohama)

"TEUCER"	5th Feb.	Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma and
"PROTEUS"	13th Feb.	Vancouver
"TALTHYBIUS"	19th Mar.	

NEW YORK SERVICE

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"AGAMEMNON"	via Suez	25th January.
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CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

From EUROPE & STRAITS.

The Company's Steamship

"KANAGAWA MARU"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that the Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before Nov. 1st.

Goods not cleared by the 15th Jan., 1921, will be subject to regr.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees' and the Co's representatives at an appointed hour on Tuesday and Friday. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claim will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Agents.

Hongkong, 13th January, 1920.

CONSIGNEES.

VEREENIGDE NEDERLANDSCHE SCHEEPVAART-MAATSCHAPPIJ

(United Netherlands Navigation Company)

HOLLAND-OOST AZIE LIJN.

(HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

From NORTH AMERICA, JAPAN PORTS via MANILA.

THE Company's Steamship

"ARIZ" & "MARU"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees charged by her are notified that the Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns with the extra charges of 2½% of the value of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co. Ltd., whether and from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 17th January, 1921 at 4 p.m. will be subject to regr.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 17th January, 1921 at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goldard & Douglas.

Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

General Agents.

Hongkong, 11th January, 1921.

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

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CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Steamship "PILSNAY"

From TRIESTE, VENICE, PENANG & SINGAPORE.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 11th inst.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 17th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-signer on or before the 27th inst. or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 17th inst. at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL & CO. LTD.

Agents.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

From NORTH AMERICA, JAPAN PORTS via MANILA.

THE Company's Steamship

"ARIZ" & "MARU"

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Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,

Y. YASUDA, Manager.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1921.

WORLD WIDE SPORT.

Spain has joined France, Italy, and Holland in claims for the Olympic Games of 1924.

It is stated that Jimmy Wilde is to receive a sum of £10,000 for his two fights with Herman and Sharkey.

Glamorgan are to make formal application to be admitted to the first-class cricket countries. They have now the necessary qualifications.

Mr. John Meredith, capped as a forward for Wales in 1888 and 1890, has died at Swansea at the age of 66. He was one of the best forwards in Wales in his day.

At the annual meeting of Middlesex County Cricket Club J. T. Hearne, the old professional, was placed on the committee, and made an honorary life member.

Major F. M. Bailey's Adventures.

The Royal Geographical Society, at a meeting in the Edian Hall, London, heard from Major F. M. Bailey a story of travel in Central Asia, which was coloured by strange complications of intrigue. Major Bailey is the well-known explorer who was with Sir Francis Younghusband on the mission to Tibet, and afterwards made several important journeys on his own account, including an expedition to the Upper Brahmaputra, which gained for him the Patron's Gold Medal of the Royal Geographical Society. He served on various fronts in the early years of the war, and shortly before the Armistice was sent by the Government of India on a mission to Turkestan to keep in touch with the Bolshevik movement in Russian Central Asia. His knowledge of Russian and many other languages enabled him to live in Tashkent until the autumn of last year, when he joined the Bolshevik Secret Service, and as one of their supposed agents was sent on a mission to Bokhara. Having failed to establish their authority in that State, the Bolsheviks had recognised the independence of Bokhara, but each side was suspicious of the other, and in order to secure entry into Bokhara city Major Bailey had to assume the further role of an Austrian officer who had been captured by the Russians. There were in the city many Russians and Austrian prisoners of war who had taken refuge there from the Bolshevik tyranny.

Johnny Coulon has returned to Europe to try to fix up a contest with Jimmy Wilde. Coulon has fought with many of the best boxers in the States for several years without a defeat.

It is understood that the Southern L.M.T.C. Wilkinson, representing the Jacks Club, is on his way to Austria for the purpose of making inquiries as to racing conditions and customs there.

G. Duran and Mr. Mitchell have declined the challenge made on behalf of Hayes and Allis for a match over 72 holes for £100 sides.

They offered to play for £50 sides, or over 36 holes for a prize of £100.

Robert Doig, Musselburgh, is now back at his old pre-war job of golf professional at Home. Every year now greens have to be made because of the scorching heat of the Campagna. That is to say, the greens have to be dug up and resown. Vigorous growth soon carpets the course.

A New York writer, referring to the recent fight between Carpenter and Levinson, says the latter was simply punched stupid; he never had a ghost of a chance. His attempts to fight back were like a man attempting to build a mad bull. But as regards Dempsey, he thinks it would be well for M. Georges to let the champion very much alone. The Frenchman would be too small, and his stamina, as compared with Dempsey's, is that of a weakling. But there is this, he adds, Carpenter can hit like the jolt from the butt of a bridge pile—hit hard and true—he is essentially a hitter.

Major Bailey stayed about two months in Bokhara, and then

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AMELAND	February	Rotterdam & Hamburg	21st Feb.
ALDERMIN	March	Amsterdam & Hamburg	21st Mar.

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THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

TELEPHONE 16.

Correspondents are requested to observe the rule which requires them to forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of their bona fides.

All communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

Business correspondence should be sent to the Manager.

The rate of subscription to "The Hongkong Telegraph" is \$30 per annum. (Payable in Advance.)

The rate per quarter and per month, proportional. Subscriptions for any period less than one month will be charged as for a full month.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. Peak subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. On copies sent by post an additional \$1.00 per quarter is charged for postage.

Single Copies, Daily, ten cents.

Advertisements and Subscriptions, which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" is now on sale at, and will be delivered to subscribers by, the Dairy Farm Company, Ltd., Shamian, Canton, who are our agents there.

Death.

HIGGINBOTHAM.—At Sourabaya, on the 12th inst., Charles J. Higginbotham (of John D. Hutchinson & Co.)

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JANUARY 14, 1921.

"WHEN LABOUR RULES."

This is the title of a volume by Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., the railwaymen's leader. Mr. Thomas, a Privy Councillor, is generally voted (notwithstanding an occasional outburst) perhaps a concession to the "advanced" wing of Labour to be one of the moderate men of the democratic movement, and, since even Cabinet Ministers have alluded to the possibility of a Labour Government, Mr. Thomas' proposals merit some consideration. Such a work as this, in contrast to treatises upon abstract Socialistic theories, has a certain definite interest, because it throws some light on the ways of certain men, upon the manner in which Labour legislators propose to handle concrete problems when the responsibility is upon their own shoulders.

The first question with which the author deals is the Constitution, and Mr. Thomas unhesitatingly declares himself a Monarchist. He affirms that as the King has proved himself an essentially constitutional monarch the question of Republic versus Monarchy will not arise. Mr. Thomas pays a high tribute to the Prince of Wales, so that it may be assumed that the Prince's succession would also be supported by Labour. This is satisfactory to supporters of Monarchism, as far as it goes, but it will be noted that Mr. Thomas bases his attitude merely upon personality, not principle. Mr. Thomas says, however, that whilst the Labour party recognises the wisdom of having an hereditary monarch, it is opposed to an hereditary Upper Chamber. At the same time, it is admitted that diverse views are held in the Labour party regarding the value of a Second Chamber. Mr. Thomas credits the House of Lords, and not the Commons, with being the guardian of popular interests during the war, and he consequently favours a Second Chamber, on condition that it should not be hereditary. In regard to home administration when Labour rules, Mr. Thomas says that land, the mines, the railways, canals, shipping, and supply of milk and bread would all be under the absolute direction of the State. Mr. Thomas replies to the objections usually made to Government control, which he says, would be totally different from war control. He does not explain how or on what terms the Government would obtain possession of what is at present private property. Originally the Socialist programme was simple confiscation; the later view has inclined towards "fair market value." Mr. Thomas does not at purchase. He is opposed to Protection. He thinks there should be a limit to profits, but does not suggest how businesses which make large profits one year, followed by a loss the next, could be conducted. In regard to housing and health questions the policy outlined by Mr. Thomas is pretty much on the Government's lines, but goes somewhat farther. Provisions of facilities for poor scholars so as to extend education to the University is contemplated.

It has been declared that the Labour party would not be able to handle foreign policy. Mr. Thomas retorts that the present parties have not made a very brilliant show. He is in favour, of course, of "open diplomacy." On the question of Colonial policy we find Mr.

Thomas more rational than the views of some Labour members would lead one to expect. Broadly his attitude is eventual complete self-government within the Empire for all British possessions. Mr. Thomas proposes Dominion Home Rule for Ireland, with local option for Ulster. He is opposed to an Irish Republic, but he does not make it clear what would be the attitude of a Labour Government in the event of the majority of the Irish people insisting on complete independence. It is pertinent to remember that the Labour Party has lately declared for the concession of a Republic (Mr. Thomas' book was probably written previously). Mr. Thomas disapproves of the Excess Profits Tax, which he agrees with capitalists is calculated to restrict enterprise, but he would impose a capital levy, which capitalists regard as even worse. Needless to say the Labour leader's programme bristles with debatable points, but on the whole shows a saner outlook than might have been expected. It will be interesting to see how his fellow democrats view it.

NOTES & COMMENTS.

The Volunteers & Election.

Members of the Volunteer Corps will have read with a good deal of interest the remarks of the new General Officer Commanding on the question of the principle of electing their own officers. This privilege was granted members on the reorganisation of the Corps in the spring of last year, and it was a privilege that was gladly exercised and thought very highly of. It was not then considered to conflict in any way with the maintaining of discipline or the securing of efficiency. It was even thought that it would help in the latter regard. But the War Office has taken objection to the principle and so the Ordinance has now been amended to remove the privilege. The Hon. Mr. Pollock, even to the fore in safeguarding public privileges, rightly asked why it had been considered necessary to change the original ordinance.

In this regard, I don't suppose anybody is likely to be deported therefrom. Presumably someone has just discovered that the law has never been observed. Hence the reminder.

Certain members of the Chinese community are giving a dinner at the Kam Ling Hotel on Tuesday next in honour of the Hon. Mr. W. Chatham, C. M. G.

We have received from the Union Trading Company, sole agents in Hongkong and South China for the National Benefit Assurance Co. Ltd., of London, two calendars issued by the latter Company.

A big consignment of opium, valued at \$8,000, was seized by the Police on board a sampan in Tsimshau Bay yesterday. One Chinese has been arrested, and will be charged before the Magistrate next week.

Yesterday at the Marine Court a coolie was charged before Commander C. W. Beckwith, R.N., with being on board the Amakusa Maru without the permission of the officer. He was fined \$10, which was paid by a philanthropic Chinese gentleman.

Professor Sklarevski, the famous pianist, is giving another recital at the City Hall this evening at 8.30 p.m. He will also appear here on the 18th, whilst on the 19th he is giving a recital in Canton, and he will play at Macao on the 2nd and 23rd instant.

A call from Third Street brought out the firemen at 6.30 last evening, only to discover on arrival that the outbreak, which was caused by the fusing of electric wires, had been extinguished by the Police and the inmates with the inflicting of very little damage.

The Secretariat of the Administrative Council of the Military Government in Canton has issued an official denial that the Military Government is negotiating for the sale of Hainan to a certain foreign country, adding that no territory of the Republic of China may be sold contrary to law. The Secretariat believes that this rumour must have been created by unscrupulous persons in Shanghai and Peking to cause disaffection among the people.

The local organizers of the China Relief Funds are acquiring some original ideas in their campaign of publicity. We noticed that two motor cars, one to draw general attention to the banners displayed on it, and the other containing a number of refugees dressed prettily in sacks, have been doing the rounds of the streets. To ensure that the attraction of the campaign deserved it, one enterprising Y.M.C.A. student at regular intervals struck a large drum in the leading car.

Four coal men were this morning charged by Inspector Kent before Mr. G. N. Orme with the theft of 1,050 lbs. of coal from a consignment ordered by the Peak Tramway Company from Messrs. Jardine Matheson on the 12th instant. It is alleged that they acted in concert, by juggling with the scales, and afterwards got Mr. Buyers of the Peak Tramways, to sign the receipt without mentioning any shortage. The case was remanded on the application of Mr. A. E. Hall, who represented the first two defendants. Bail was allowed in each case.

To-morrow's Pictorial Supplement will contain, amongst other pictures, a group taken at the wedding of Mr. Harry Odell and Miss Sophie Welli; the Navy

Rugby team which played the Army last week; a portrait of Professor Sklarevski, who appears at the City Hall this evening; and two pictures showing the good work done amongst the blind and poor by the Sisters of the Convent of the Immaculate Conception at Canton. Owing to unforeseen circumstances, some pictures of the Boy Scouts Rally and the group of Army Rugby footballers are not available. We hope, however, to reproduce these next Saturday.

CRICKET.

Indian R.C. v. H.M.S. Ambrose.

In the above match, to take place on Saturday the 15th inst., on the L.R.C. ground, the following will represent the Indians:—A. H. Runjahn, A. el Arculli, S. H. Ismail, W. H. Abbas, A. A. Runjahn, S. A. Ismail, D. Weerapulli, N. M. Bux, K. Khan, S. D. Ismail and D. Runjahn.

DAY BY DAY.

HAPPINESS PRODUCES HAPPINESS ENJOYMENT MAY BE CULTIVATED, AND IS, AFTER ALL, LARGELY A CONDITION OF HABIT.—Lillian Whiting.

Yesterday's health return shows two non-fatal cases of diphtheria—one British and one Portuguese.

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The Secretariat of the Adminis-

KOWLOON NOTES.

(By "The Ferryman.")

I see that people who reside on the Peak are being reminded that if they have not applied for permission to live in the exalted regions, they are expected by law to do so. I don't suppose anybody is likely to be deported therefrom. Presumably someone has just discovered that the law has never been observed. Hence the reminder.

Last there should be any misapprehension over the matter, let me say that it is not necessary to apply for permission to reside in Kowloon. Our motto is "Lex' em all come!" Still, we hope that one day there will be a European reservation on the peninsula. For why should there be one law for the Peak and another for Kowloon?

If you want to live up on the Peak, Where folk are so rich and so sleek, You must get a "permit" (So the laws term it) Or else you'll be fined by the Peak!

But if you've no great wish to "swank" And have no ambitions to rank, Come down from the moon: You can live in Kowloon— No "permits," and no-one to thank!

Congratulations to Mr. Pollock on getting away at the bathing beach question, and on not forgetting Kowloon's claims in this connection. We're now to have a Committee to see what can be done to secure adequate facilities for sea-bathing, both on the island and the mainland.

When the Hon. Mr. Fletcher last spoke on this bathing beach question there was nothing definite in his statement excepting that the present places were likely to be lost. As to alternative provision, he was decidedly vague. Now, however, the whole matter is to be looked into, and the general hope is that something definite will be done before next summer comes round.

We're still waiting for the clock to appear on the Kowloon railway tower. I see there's a bell already installed, so it isn't to be a silent timepiece. Wonder if it'll play tunes?

Kowloon Dock Ball takes place to-night, and a happy time is promised. Everybody looks forward to this annual event, because the floor is probably the largest and finest in the Colony for dancing, whilst the hospitality of the Dock folk is universally known.

Mention of dancing recalls an incident which once occurred in Hongkong. The conversation, at an afternoon tea party, turned on dancing, and one of the guests who had a great liking for the old-style dances enquired of a lady sitting near her: "Do you know the 'd'Albert'?" "No," came the reply: "do they live in Kowloon?"

Kowloon Cricket Club is shortly to commence its annual tennis tournaments, the entries for which close on the 31st instant. Some good contests are looked forward to, I hear.

Mention of tennis reminds me of the Ladies Singles Championship of the Colony, which this year is something of a farce, judging by the number of entries. It is alleged that they acted in concert, by juggling with the scales, and afterwards got Mr. Buyers of the Peak Tramways, to sign the receipt without mentioning any shortage. The case was remanded on the application of Mr. A. E. Hall, who represented the first two defendants. Bail was allowed in each case.

What about that motor-bus service of which we heard so much a little time ago? When's it going to start? There was a suggestion some time back in official quarters that the Government were waiting for the K.R.A.'s suggestions, but I hear these have long since been sent in. Then why the delay?

GREATEST RIDING CITY. London was now the greatest riding city in the world, having outstripped New York, says the manager of the Underground Railways and General Omnibus Company.

BREMEN LEAVES FOR HOME.

Big Batch of Passengers.

With 1,110 out of her 1,500 berths occupied, the transport Bremen sailed just after noon today for England. Since her arrival in Hongkong the vessel has been refitted, and a number of the second-class cabins have been reconverted into third-class berths to accommodate the large number of military and naval ratings who are going home by her. There are, however, about 100 second-class berths left, and these, together with the first-class berths, are stated to be in sufficient number to accommodate local officers and civil servants as well as various contingents who are expected to swell the already large number of passengers at Singapore and Colombo.

The naval ratings comprise principally men who are paid off principally men who are paid off from the Carlisle, which has been recommissioned for a further period of service in China waters, and about 282 sailors from the Tamar and the submarines.

Surgeon Rear Admiral Charles S. Woodwright after a long period of service in this station is going home with his wife and amongst the officers accompanying him are Captain A. H. Walker; Engineer Commander J. E. G. Cunningham; Paymaster Commander L. R. Baker (accompanied by Mrs. Baker); Commander B. Ackworth (accompanied by Mrs. Ackworth and family); Lieutenant Commanders D. V. Hirst, Andrew Johnston, D. S. O. and F. J. Lambert, D.S.C.; Lieutenant Dolphin, Ansall, Clark, J. H. McNair (accompanied by Mrs. McNair); Leyton-Bennett, D. V. Payton Ward, Casswell, W. H. D. Fielder, Cyril Appleton, Ross, and Farquharson; Acting Lieutenant T. E. Little and David F. Croft; Sub-Lieutenants A. J. S. Eastley, Avon R. Prentis and Sidney E. Johnson; Midshipman Hooper; Warrant Engineers E. A. D. Williams, John D. Irvine, Alfred Nash, Frederick Askew, and J. R. Pigott; Warren Telegraphists George Vince and Albert E. Withers; Shipwrights Stanley J. Goldrey, Chas. Samways, and A. S. Anderson; Boatswains Thomas Tierney, and Frederick J. Light; Commissioned Torpedo Gunner Thomas Mitchell; Torpedo Gunners Gimblett and B. Melbourne; Gunners Arthur F. Norman, C. Strong and H. Dodge; and Warrant Mechanician Charles Patch.

Mr. Orden, Chief Engineer of the Fleet Oiler Dredger, is also included in the naval contingent.

Miss Eyes is also travelling by the same steamer.

The naval contingent, which is under the command of Commander Ackworth, in addition to the officers mentioned, comprises of 238 ratings from H.M.S. Carlisle and 282 seamen from the Tamar and submarines.

The military details comprise 173 officers and men, made up as follows:

Officers—Major G. le Huquet (Wiltz); Captains E. H. Gray, (4th Punjab); F. N. Bourdillon, (23rd Punjab); P. P. Legg (Wiltz Regt); C. I. Cordon (22nd Punjab); and Lieut. J. Bryant, R.E.

Troops—Royal Engineers, 4; Wilts Regt, 13; R.G.A. 24; R.A. S.C. 3; R.A.M.C. 2; R.A.O.C. 1.

Nurse D.C. Malle (V.A.I.M. N.S.) and Mrs. J. Earwig are included in the military contingent, which is under the command of Major le Huquet, with Lieutenant Bryant, R.E., as Quartermaster for the voyage.

The following civil servants also left by the Bremen:—Inspectors G. Cockle, T. Murphy, D. Barnet, and A. Moody; Sergeant Kirkby, Wilson, Shannon, Doring, Chevalier, and Cotton; Inspector and Mrs. Fox; Inspector and Mrs. Gibson; Inspector S. Kelly; Mr. and Mrs. T. Hydes and family; Mr. and Mrs. A. Calvert and family; Mr. and Mrs. Grimmett and family; Mr. J. H. Kynoch; Mr. and Mrs. Jones, and Mr. J. Ewing.

Inspector Cockle is in charge of the Government invalids.

The Bremen's port of disembarkation is Tilbury which, it is expected, will be reached about the 20th February.

PAPER SCARCITY.

Owing to the enormously increased cost of paper and printing the Vienna Academy of Sciences, which some time ago was compelled to discontinue the publication of the theses of the natural history class, has just decided also to cease publishing the philosophy and history theses.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

Recounting a personal reminiscence at a lecture in Edinburgh recently, Lord Sands said that he was once invited to address an Ayrshire literary society, and chose as his subject "Shakespeare."

He was informed by the Parish minister that a Bailie would move a vote of thanks. The Bailie, he said, was a plain blunt man, but on two recent occasions had made a most successful appearance as a speaker.

One occasion was as spokesman of a deputation to the minister and his wife on the occasion of the minister's jubilee, and the other was at a curling club dinner, when he proposed the Laird's health. During the lecture the Bailie dozed, but awakened in time to make his speech.

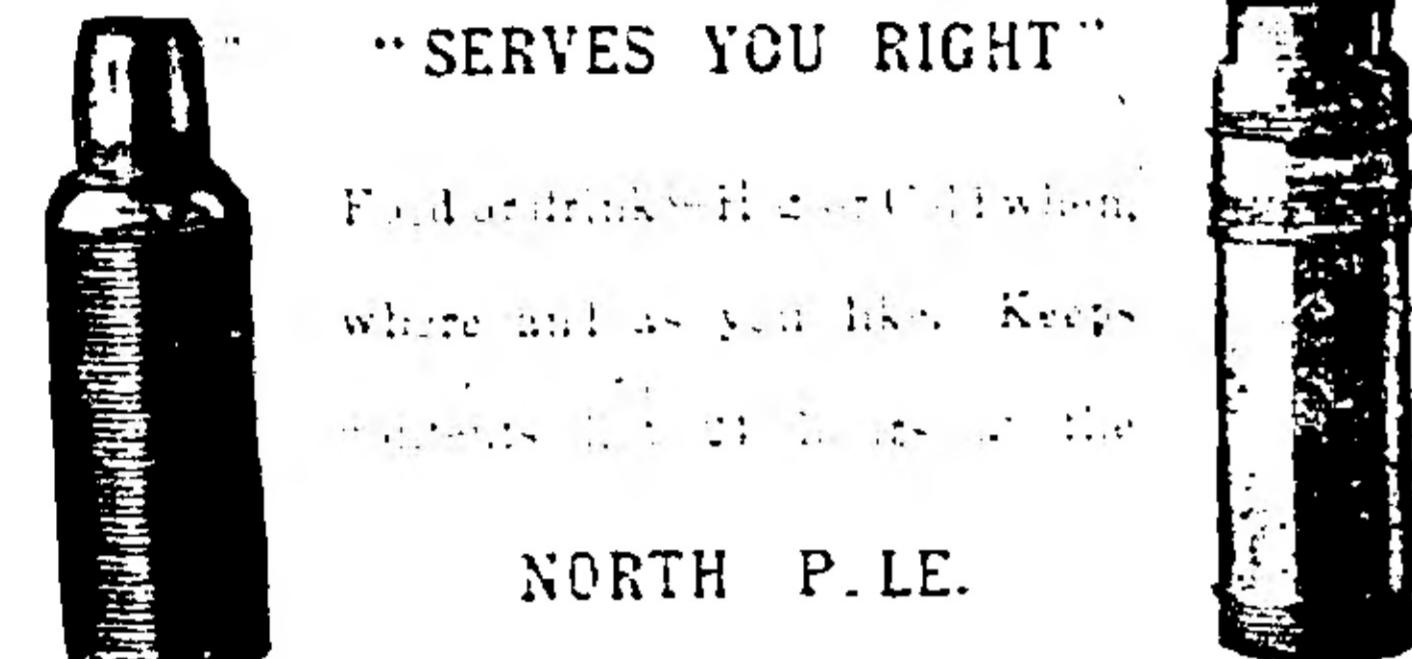
"This William Shakespeare," he started, "was a very remarkable man and an eminent poet. Not that I was compare him wi' oor ain Robbie Burns, this Shakspeare wrote 'Uncanny lies the heid that wears a croon. Na, Rob wal never mak sic a mistake

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YEE SANG FAT CO.

JUST ARRIVED

THERMOS BOTTLES**YEE SANG FAT CO.****SPIRITUALISM.****Chat with American Lady.**

Passing through the Colony this week was Mrs. J. A. Kaufmann, the wife of the "steel king" of New York. Mrs. Kaufmann is a spiritualist well known in the States, and is said to be the founder of a new cult of spiritualism. We availed ourselves of the opportunity of having an informal chat with the lady on the theories expounded by her.

"Interviews always remind me," she remarked, "of something very distasteful. They often lead to misunderstanding, they create distrust of public opinion."

"What, in your opinion is spiritualism?" asked our representative.

"It is the joyous resurrection of one's spirit after it has ceased to be a tenant in the house of flesh. Unfortunately, the step that has been taken in bringing forth the truth of the higher intelligence is not given in the ABC schools. One finds oneself perplexed with imaginary and all sorts of mortal ideas awakening in one's mind with spooky and dark-cutaneous effects. It grieves me beyond expression when I come in contact with people seeking in this manner the light of this great truth. Their ideas and what they expect are absurd, neither I nor any other mortal—let me be most emphatic on this point—can call a deceased loved-one to appear upon the scene. No, no my dear friend, the Father, Son and Holy Ghost three definite people in one—the oneness in one—is the beginning of the first step to the great truth."

"I do not quite understand you here," interrupted the interviewer.

"Impressions and symbols are given to the medium, and nothing more. The I am within you is God, and until you realise fully all that you do and the accomplishments you master in Him, your spirit is in the mortal state of space. This school that you are attending to-day is merely a preparatory one. There is the beautiful thought from God—to prepare yourself for the first step to the house of many mansions."

"How does your theory of spiritualism differ from that of Sir Oliver Lodge?"

"That is a very wonderful question that you have asked me. Is it not funny that you should ask me a question that has been

told to me so often by others? Having had the pleasure of hearing Sir Oliver Lodge on his recent trip to the United States, in New York and Los Angeles, I must say that at every moment was thoroughly enjoyed by myself, but the spiritual delivery was over the heads of many, due to the fact that the fundamental basis of spiritualism was not given as I have already stated. His language was so eloquent and the delivery of such a high order that it went a little over the heads of the average person. The child has first to be taught to creep and then walk; likewise with the adult. Concentration is the keynote of my theory concentration alone in the silence of God. Then it is there where your first spiritual enlightenment takes place. The constancy of each day's meditation of ten to fifteen minutes in the morning must be observed. In the rapid transit of life there is no time for spiritual development of anything else, except material gain."

"What do you really mean by spiritual development?"

"It is the law of concentration within yourself—to know yourself and the development of the powers that lie latent in you."

"What connection is there between spiritualism and spiritual development?"

"The law of concentration brings you to the world of spheres, and through that concentration comes the spiritual enlightenment, which I have already stated. The material manifestations such as rapping and tapping and table raising, etc., are not a gain. They are purely manifestations of earth-bound conditions."

"Do you resort to such practices?" enquired our representative.

"At no time in my life have I done so. I will not permit of a spirit being disturbed for my curiosity. It is an infringement

of the law of God. I am sure that those who hold seances will certainly pay a severe penalty in the end."

Asked as to what brought her to the Far East and Hongkong, Mrs. Kaufmann said:—"I have been five months in the Orient, investigating spiritualism in China. The country is still in the dark ages. China does not hear, and her students, unfortunately, will not teach their ignorant brothers. Surely the British need praises and blessing for the work they have done in Hongkong. I have been struck remarkably by the good work accomplished in this British Colony."

FOOTBALL.**To-morrow's Matches.**

The following is the programme of matches arranged for to-morrow:

DIVISION I.

H.M.S. Titania v. S.C.A.—Navy "A" ground, 4 p.m.

H.M.S. Tamar v. H.M.S. Ambrose.—S.C.A. ground, 4 p.m.

Wiltshires v. Kowloon—Soakunpo ground, 4 p.m.

Hongkong Police v. R.G.A.—Navy "B" ground, 4 p.m.

DIVISION II.

Kowloon Reserves v. United—Club ground, 2.30 p.m.

S. C. A. Reserves v. Club de Recreio—S. C. A. ground, 2.30 p.m.

Indian Rec. Club v. H. M. S. Carlisle Res.—Navy "B" ground, 2.30 p.m.

H. K. Club Reserves v. Oilers United—Navy "A" ground 2.30 p.m.

R. G. A. Reserves v. Punjabis—Soakunpo ground, 2.30 p.m.

St. Joseph's College v. Staffs and Dept.—St. Joseph's ground 4 p.m.

The Titania, having been admitted to the League in place of the Carlisle will open their fixtures with the S.C.A. on the Navy ground. The sail will have a very good reputation in the football world—they will have to show great form if they expect to beat the Chinese, who are playing excellent football just now.

The game between the two Navy teams on the S.C.A. ground will be an easy win for the Tamar. They have got one very good man recently arrived, while Ambrose has been weakened by some of their men leaving the Colony to-day. The Ambrose team of late has been very uncertain, and no little difficulty has been experienced in turning out a team. This is very much regretted in local football because this ship could field a team second to none.

The Wiltshire receive Kowloon at Soakunpo and on present form the soldiers should win easily if they put out their full team, while the civilians will be strangers on the Soakunpo ground, where they pay their first visit to-morrow. The last meeting of these teams ended in a draw of one all, but the soldiers have greatly improved since that match. Kowloon are turning out some new men for this match and a good game is expected.

The Police are at home to the R.G.A., who have struck a bad patch lately, having obtained only two points in the last four matches. A similar record has been obtained by the Police. The soldiers should win, although the Police will be out to avenge their defeat at the hands of the gunners in their previous meeting.

It is rumoured that the Police have some new blood in the batch of recruits that arrived by the Bremen, but they still lack the services of their old goalkeeper, Swann.

In the Junior Division, the Club Reserves and Oilers match, which had been fixed for the Club ground at 4 p.m., has been transferred to the Navy "A" ground at 2.30 p.m., as the second Rugby match of the Challenge Cup Competition is due on the Club ground at 4 p.m. The Reserves should win this match.

A good game should be seen between St. Joseph's and the staffs, on the Saints ground. The College boys are playing well, but they will be against a fairly heavy team this week and the staffs should hold their own and put a check on the College team, who have not dropped a point since their first match with the R.G.A. Reserves.

Another good game should be seen on the Club ground at 2.30 between Kowloon and United, where the United should win.

The Carlisle Reserves should beat the Indian Rec. Club, as the new crew have dropped from the 1st Division of the League and with all the crew to pick from a very strong side should turn out.

The R.G.A. Reserves and S.C.A. Reserves should win against the Punjabis and Club de Recreio respectively.

QUIZ.**NOTICE.****DAIRY FARM NEWS.****CHEESE**

Edam Cheese	80 cents per lb.
Gruyere Cheese	" " "
French Cheese	" " "
Coulommier Cheese	30 " .. pat.
Picnic Cheese	" " .. jar.
DEVONSHIRE CREAM	80 cents per phial.
STERILIZED MILK	35 .. pint. (suitable for carrying on voyages)

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & GOLD STORAGE CO. LTD.**UNITED SERVICES LEAGUE.**
The table to date is as follows:

P. W. L. D.	5	6	7	
Tamar...	9	6	12	14
Hawkin...	8	5	6	13
Ambrose...	11	3	6	21
Wiltshire...	7	3	3	16
Carlisle...	6	2	2	5
R.G.A...	8	2	3	19
Curlew...	7	1	3	17

TEAMS.

The following will represent the Club 2nd XI against the Oilers United:—G. Grose, J. Goldsmith, A. Boysen, A. McDonald, W. Ireland, S. Sorensen, G. Goldenberg, E. Ballton J. Beggs, J.P. Sherry, A. Ozilvie.

The following will represent the United against Kowloon:—W. McLeod, J. Beach, D. D. Urquhart, A. E. Simons, D. Laing, C. H. Blake, J. Kent, J. Leonard, C. T. May, R. K. Valentine, A. N. Other.

Kowloon's First Division team will be:—W. Crocker, F. Wheeler, T. L. Knight, J. Coopland, A. Weyman, P. Bresley, W. Taylor, C. E. Millard, B. Pasco, R. E. Townsend, F. Evelyn, Reserve G. White.

Kowloon's Second Division team will be:—H. McKay, S. H. Heaver, S. Adams, J. Main, H. Roberts, A. Martin, E. Donovan, A. Palmer, K. A. Mason, A. Estorff, H. Blythe, Reserve E. W. Alderson.

RIFLE LEAGUE.**Ambrose v. Alacrity.**

The following is the result of a shooting match between the H.M.S. Ambrose and H.M.S. Alacrity, fired at: Shorecutters Range on Sunday, January 9th, resulting in a win for H.M.S. Ambrose:—

H.M.S. "AMBROSE"	124
S. P. O. Walsh	121
M. F. H. Jarvis	121
E. R. A. Tooker	120
S. P. O. Chilcott	111
Sgt. Peberdy	107
Ldg. Sto. Newton	81
E. A. Ellis	75
P. O. Knight	75
Total...	817

H.M.S. "ALACRITY"	110
Sgt. Hewlett	109
Pte. Seymour	102
F. O. Goss	99
C. P. O. Seaward	95
P. O. Silcox	95
A. B. Darre	75
Pte. Mills	75
Total...	767

The Club will play in colours.

BILLIARDS.**Garrison Inter-Mess League.**

The table up to and including January 8th is as follows:

P. W. L. D.	5	6	7
P. O's	14	10	0
R. G. A.	4	6	20
Victoria	12	11	0
Garrison M.	13	7	3
Wilt. Sets	2	4	28
R.G.A. Stonecutters	12	7	3
H.K. Police	13	5	3
Wardens M.	12	5	6
R.E.'s	13	3	8
R.G.A.	2	31	47
Lyemun	12	3	8
R.A.M.C.	13	1	11
Total...	16	52	3

The Carlisle Reserves should beat the Indian Rec. Club, as the new crew have dropped from the 1st Division of the League and with all the crew to pick from a very strong side should turn out.

The R.G.A. Reserves and S.C.A. Reserves should win against the Punjabis and Club de Recreio respectively.

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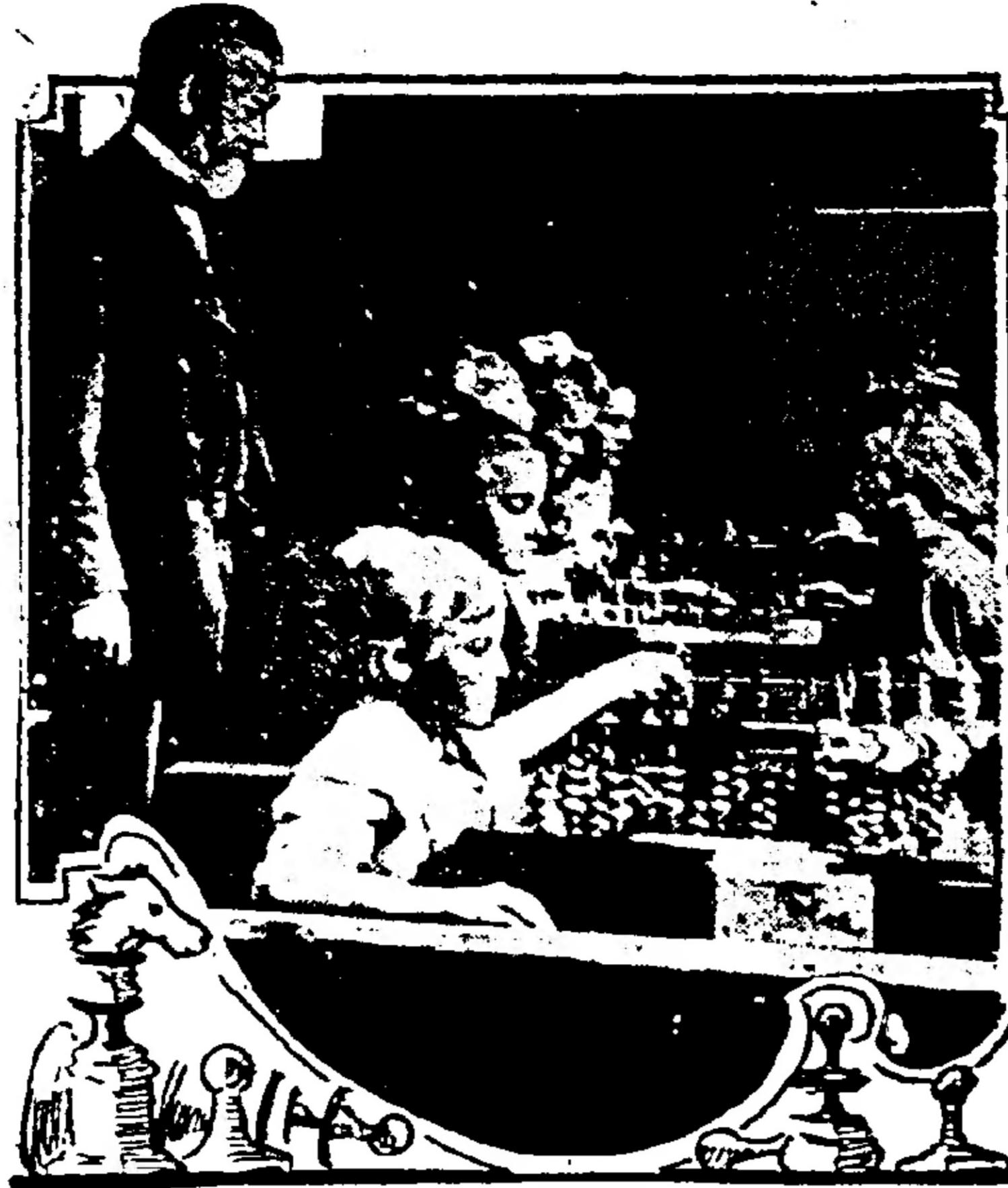
The R.G.A. Reserves and S.C.A. Reserves should win against the Punjabis and Club de Recreio respectively.

CAMERA NEWS



AMERICAN LADY HOCKEY TEAM IN ENGLAND.

The American ladies team of hockey played their first match in England at Wimbledon, when they faced the Surrey team. Photo shows five members of the American team photographed before the match. The Americans lost.



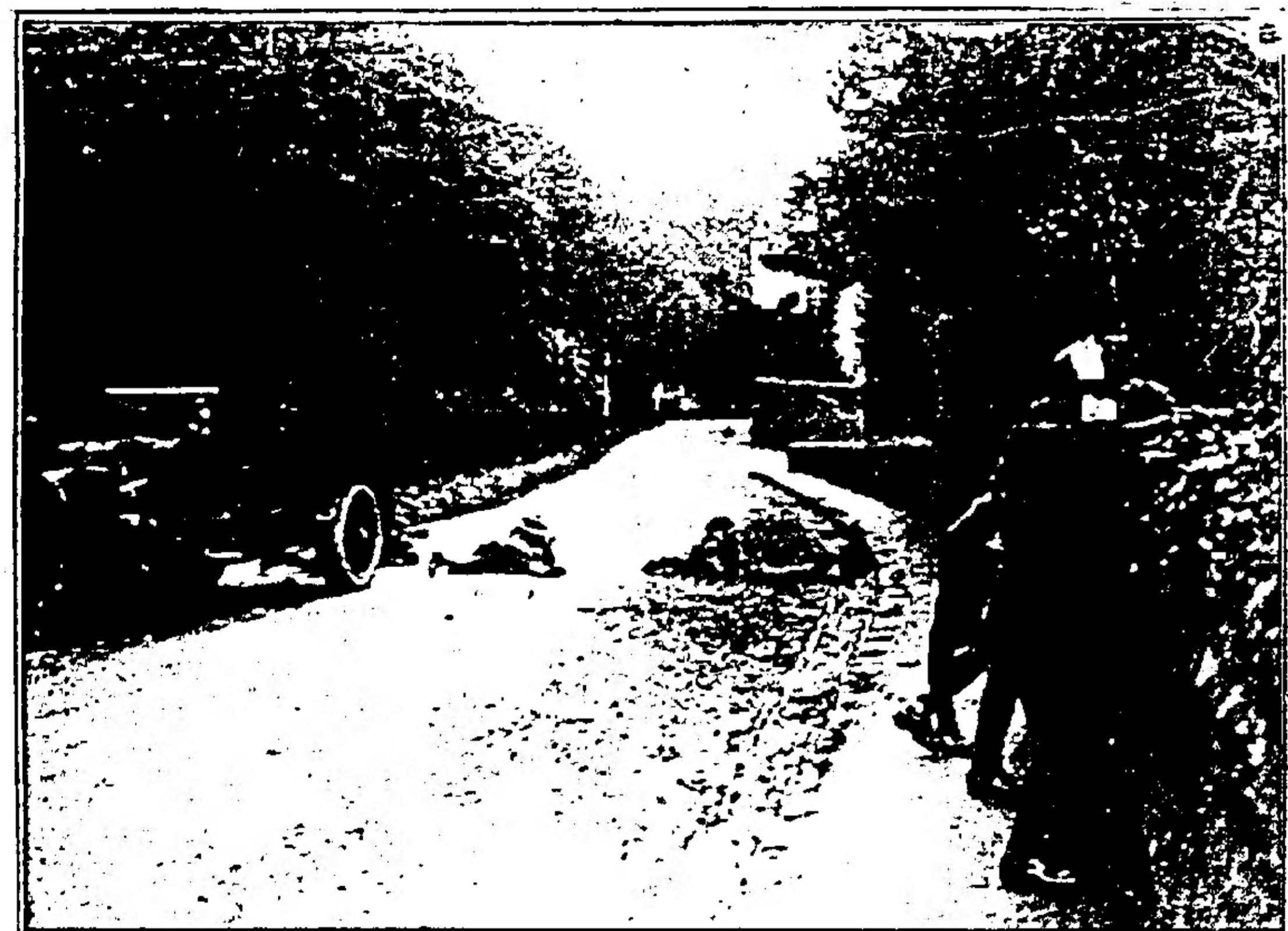
CHESS TAUGHT IN SCHOOL.

Not only is chess a popular recreation in Germany, but it is part of the German youth's education and a compulsory subject in schools. The photograph shows the chess schoolroom of a big German school.



INVENTOR OF GERMAN COMBAT PLANES.

Anthony H. G. Fokker and his wife. Fokker is the inventor of the combat planes used by Germany, the type which was most feared by the Allied aviators. The young inventor has moved his manufacturing plant to Holland since the war.



IRISH SHAM FIGHT.

Members of the Royal Irish Constabulary engaging in a practice battle on a road near Dublin.



VISITS U.S. CAPITAL.

Vice Admiral Sir William Pakenham, commanding-in-chief of the British North Atlantic Station and the West Indies Station, who has been visiting Washington.



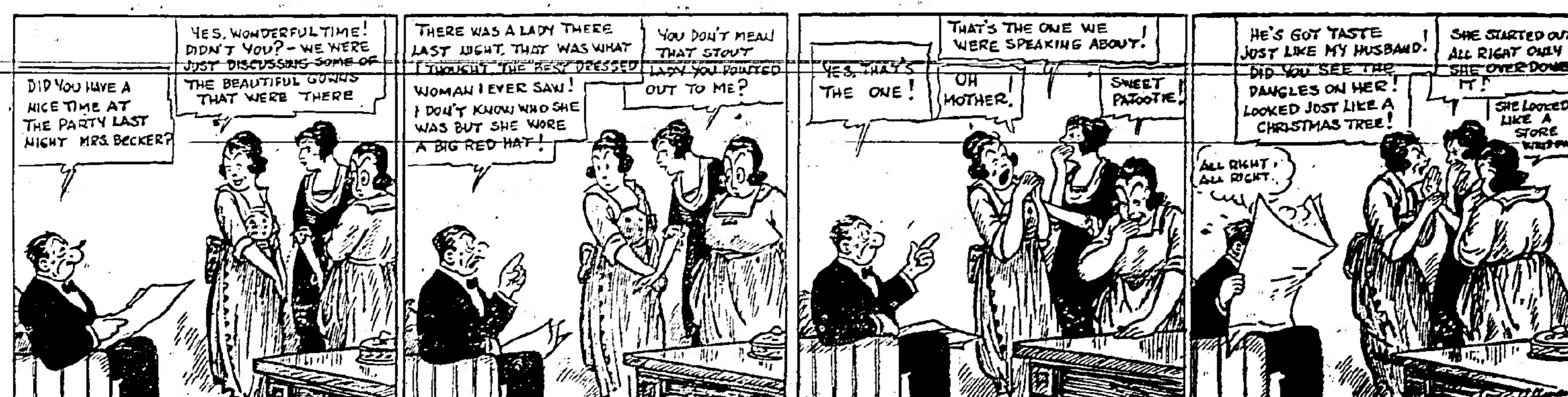
TO HAUL DOWN BRITISH FLAG.

Leaving St. Patrick's cathedral, New York, after attending a memorial mass in honour of MacSwiney's memory, hundreds of Irish sympathizers mobbed the Union club on Fifth Avenue, when officials of the club refused to take down a British flag. All the street-level windows in the club were broken. The Police fought an hour to disperse the mob.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

Tom, You're All Wrong!

BY FALLMAN.



NOTICE.

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MANAGER,
Hongkong.

LITTLE FOLKS' CORNER.

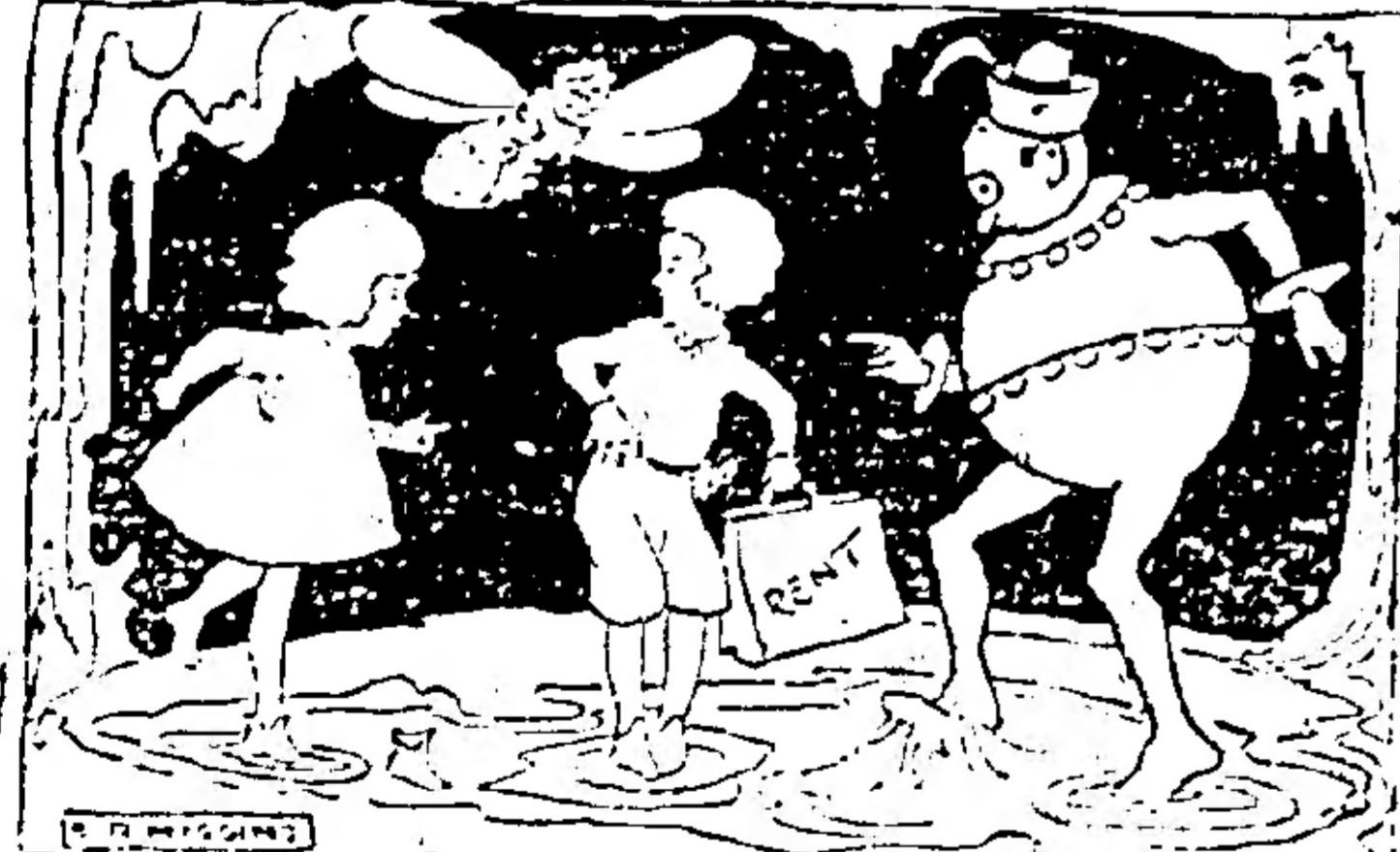
ADVENTURES OF THE TWINS.

MR. BUMBLE'S JOKE.

It was very dim in Mr. Bumble-Bee's hallway, as Nancy and Nick and Tingaling went stumbling along bumping against things until they almost wished they hadn't come.

It was this way. When the fairy landlord knocked at Mr. Bumble's door in the ground and said it was rent-day, and Mr. Bumble had called cheerily for them to come in, they thought that all they had to do was to step inside and receive the money. Nick had the big pocket-book open, and Tingaling had the big pencil all ready to mark "Paid" beside Mr. Bumble's name in the rent-book. Little did they think what was going to happen.

But when they got inside, Mr. Bumble's voice had called out from a distance, "Come on back here, good people, into the dining-



But what a poor housekeeper Mrs. Bumble must be, for the floor was awfully messy and their feet stuck.

room. So back they stumbled, tripping over rods and bumping against stoves and hanging into sudden corners until they were completely out of breath.

"Where is the dining-room, Mr. Bee?" called Nick. "We're getting pretty tired."

"Oh, just here," answered Mr. Bee cheerily. "Just at the end of the hall. It's quite easy to find. I came in myself just a minute ago."

At last they arrived at the dining-room door and went in. They knew it at once by the sweet smell of honey. But what a poor housekeeper Mrs. Bumble must be, and not a good sweeper at all, for the floor was awfully messy and their feet stuck dreadfully. After a few steps Nancy lost a shoe, and after a few more the other one went. Then Nick lost his, and when they got down on their hands and knees to search—Tingaling helping—they got so covered with honey the fairyman said grimly they looked like the original "candy kids."

Mr. Bee laughed and laughed. His plan was working out fine.

(To be continued to-morrow.)

CHUCKLES.

An illiterate voter at the Temperance Act poll had got the presiding officer to explain to her the three propositions, when she asked:—"And where's the yin for you to bring down the price?"

A celebrated revivalist (says an American paper) came to address his flock, and before he began to speak the pastor said:—

"Brother Jones, before you begin this discourse, there are some very bad negroes in this congregation, and I want to pray for you."

This was his prayer:—"O Lord, give Brother Jones the eye of the eagle, that he may see sin from afar. Give his ear to the gospel telephone, and connect him with the central skies. Illuminate his brow with a brightness that will make the fires of hell look like a tallow candle."

"Nail his hands to the gospel plough, and bow his head in some lonesome valley where prayer is much wanted to be said, and anoint him all over with the kerosene-oil of thy salvation and set him afire."

Two women were married to musicians. The one, a bride of a year, was pushing a baby carriage in which were three fine babies—triplets, all girls. The other woman had been in the bonds of matrimony a couple of weeks.

"What beautiful children!" exclaimed the newly-married one. "Yes," replied the proud mother; "let me tell you the funniest coincidence. At our wedding supper the boys who played with my husband in the orchestra serenaded him, and they played 'Three Little Maids from 'The Mikado.' Isn't that funny?"

At this the other bride turned pale. "Mercy!" she gasped. At our wedding supper Tom, friends serenaded him too, and they rendered 'The Sextet' from 'Lucia.'

Sir Robert Horne told some funny stories when he was the guest of the members of the Press Gallery at the House of Commons. One was of the golfer who was asked what his handicap was. "Telling the truth" was the reply.

Another was of the bridegroom and "best man" who were waiting at the chancel steps for the bride. "You're very white, Jiminy," said the groomsmen anxiously. "What's the matter? Have ye lost the ring?"

"No," said the bridegroom; "but I've lost my enthusiasm."

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Piles, Cataracts, Swellings,

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The secret of the mixture contains ingredients

which you never

come across in any other mixture.

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Keeps Substances

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S.S.	Tons	From Hong-kong (about)	Destination
BREMEN	11,500	14 Jan. 4 p.m.	London
PLASSY	7,500	23rd Jan.	Miles, London & Antwerp
DELTA	8,000	5th Feb.	Miles, London & Antwerp
DUNERA	5,400	10th Feb.	S'pore, Colombo & E'bay

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

TAKADA	7,000	4th Feb.	Calcutta via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.
EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)			
EASTERN KANDOWNA	4,000	21st Jan.	Melbourne via Sandakan, Thursday Island Cairns Townsville, Brisbane and Sydney.
EASTERN KANDOWNA	7,000	16th Feb.	

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SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

LAHORE	5,300	25th Jan.	Shanghai & Japan.
TAKADA	7,000	17th Jan.	Shanghai & Japan.
JAPAN	6,000	26th Jan.	Shanghai & Japan.
DUNERA	5,400	28th Jan.	Shanghai only.

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Northern Pacific, and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railways.KASHIMA MARU (Omitting Manila) Wednes., 25th Jan., at 11 a.m.
TAJIMA MARU Saturday, 29th Jan., at 11 a.m.
SUWA MARU Saturday, 12th Feb., at 11 a.m.
FUSHIMA MARU (Omitting Manila) Wed., 9th Mar., at 11 a.m.LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez
Port Said & Marseilles.SHIZUOKA MARU Monday, 24th Jan., at 11 a.m.
KAGA MARU Friday, 4th Feb., at 11 a.m.

HAMBURG, LONDON & ROTTERDAM via Suez.

TSURUGA MARU Thursday, 13th Jan., at 11 a.m.

LIVERPOOL & MARSEILLES via Suez.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday
Island, Townsville & Brisbane.NIKKO MARU Tuesday, 18th Jan., at 11 a.m.
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NEW YORK via Suez.

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KAWACHI MARU Wednesday, 25th January.

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SANUKI MARU Thursday, 3rd February.

JAPAN PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama.

AKI MARU Tuesday, 18th Jan., at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

TOMONI MARU Tuesday, 18th January.

KUMANO MARU (Moto direct) Tuesday, 19th January.

TAMBA MARU Friday, 21st January, at 11 a.m.

CAP FINISTERRE (Yokohama direct) Sat., 22nd Jan.

HOMBOY MARU Friday, 28th January.

For further information apply to NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

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JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.Regular fortnightly Services between
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Vessel	Date	Presented by	For
Tjilatjap	Amoy	25th Jan.	25th Jan. Belawan Java Deli
Haiyang	Java	25th J.	

The steamers are all fitted to roughen with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken through rates to all points in Netherlands East Indies and Australia.

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Tjikembang	San Fransico	17th Jan.	22nd Jan.	Java.

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FOR JAVA, S.S. "RIOJUN M." Sailing on or about 22nd Jan.

S.S. "MACASSAR M." 11th Feb.

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SAILING (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamer Arrives Hongkong from Australia Leaves Hongkong for Australia.

This steamer is fitted with refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions, etc., and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

For Freight and Passage apply to

Butterfield & Swire.

Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS

TO UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

For Steamer Sailing.

LONDON, ROTTERDAM and ESBJERG (Denmark) "CITY OF FLORENCE" 7th Feb.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to approach the undersigned.

Subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE, LTD., General Agents.

or to REISS & CO. Canton.

Telephone No. 36.

Hongkong Jan. 14, 1921.

GLEN AND SHIRE

JOINT SERVICE OF STEAMERS.

U.K., STRAITS, CHINA & JAPAN Service.

OUTWARDS.

Vessel Due Hongkong.

M.V. "GLENADE" 19th Jan.

M.V. "GLENARTA" 22nd Jan.

"GLENAMORY" 26th Jan.

HOMEWARDS.

Vessel Leaves Hongkong Discharges.

"GLENLUCE" 30th Jan. GENOA, LONDON & ROTTERDAM.

"GLENADE" 12th Feb. LONDON, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP.

Movements are subject to change without notice.

For freight or further particulars please apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

Telephone No. 215, sub-ex. 23 and 3696.

COASTAL SHIPPING.**INDO CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.****SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.**

Destination Steamer Sailing

SHANGHAI via Swatow Kwangsang Sun, 16th Jan. at d'light.

SHANGHAI via Swatow Yusang Tues, 18th Jan. at d'light.

S'HAI, Chefoo & Taiow Wingsang Wed, 19th Jan. at d'light.

HAIPHONG via Hoitow Loksan Wed, 19th Jan. at 10 a.m.

S'HAI & T'au via Stow Tengsing Thur, 20th Jan. at d'light

SHIPPING.

VESSELS ARRIVED.

The DEVAWONGSEE arrived this morning from Saigon with 1,800 tons of rice.—Mooring C 15.

The RHESUS from Shanghai brought this morning 6,600 tons of through cargo.—Mooring A 2.

The Blue Funnel liner LYCIAON came in yesterday from Liverpool with 980 tons for Hongkong and 5,370 tons for other ports.—Mooring Holt's wharf.

The ss. VAN WAERYICK from Belgaon-Deli brought this morning 550 tons of general merchandise and 590 deck passengers.—Mooring Kowlon wharf.

Cargo consigned here by the O.S.K.'s AMAKUSA M. (1,100 tons) from Keelung and by the M.B.K.'s TARIN M. (2,520 tons) from Nagasaki and Keelung.

CLEARANCES AND DEPARTURES.

The SINGAN left for Holo yesterday at 4 p.m. with 1,600 tons.

The BREMEN left for London via Singapore at noon-to-day with 320 European passengers and Government Stores.

The ARIZONA M. left at noon to-day for Tacoma with 800 tons.

The YUENSANG departed for Manila at 3 p.m. with 1,700 tons.

The HONG SANG left for Penang at 3 p.m. with 2,000 tons.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per s.s. TENYO MARU.—Mrs. G. Barnes, Mr. & Mrs. E. H. Chambers, Mr. Geo. Coffey, Mr. Chan Fat Sun, Mr. & Mrs. D. B. Chapin, Mr. Chu Kin Poon, Mr. Chow Fook, Miss Chan Uuz Mui, Mrs. Chan Shee, Mr. Ching Hung, Miss Ching Kim Ying, Mr. Chu Yat Kah, Mr. & Mrs. H. L. Daniels, Mr. Claudio Vega Dias, Mr. A. S. Downs, Mr. H. Fearon, Mr. K. A. Gabriel, Mrs. M. S. Hallay, Mr. J. Haining, Mrs. Ho, Miss Chin Shee, Miss Hee Chin Ho, Mr. N. H. Hunt, Mr. Ip Tsao, Mr. E. L. Lee, Mrs. Mary M. Lib, Mrs. Lum Shee, Miss M. Mui, Miss E. E. Mathewson, Mr. & Mrs. T. H. McConnell, Mrs. Mayie L. Russell, Miss Isabel Ross, Mr. & Mrs. C. Russell, Miss C. F. Spence, Mr. & Mrs. C. Saito, Mr. A. O. Shetland, Mrs. Soo Hoo Shee, Mr. Fred L. Worcester, Master Weng Kee June, Miss Juergina G. Abaya, Mr. Pedro Echegaray, Miss Fulalia Cortez, Miss Maria Guevara, Antonio Mijares, Mr. Jesus Montserrat, Miss T. Nakamura, Mrs. Isidora L. Ognar, Mr. & Mrs. E. Rendle, Mrs. Donato Barnes, Mrs. Carmen Romero, Mr. H. J. Xavier.

Per R.M.S. Empress of Asia.—Mrs. A. Adamson, Mrs. W. M. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Blackmore and child, Mr. H. W. Barrows, Mr. and Mrs. B. Blundell, Mrs. B. Burdin, Mr. W. J. Bullwinkle, Mr. C. Birrell, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Chambers, Mr. R. Cullinan, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Conner, Mr. C. M. Campbell, Mr. A. E. Campbell, Mrs. F. G. Champion, Mrs. Fay Dean, Mr. and Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. L. Dietrich, Mr. C. J. Dunnett, Mr. H. W. Dean, Mr. G. Ellis, Mr. H. Goffe, Mr. H. H. Girard, Mr. and Mrs. B. Homingway, Mr. J. M. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Holmes, Mr. S. Korteski, Mr. and Mrs. N. Komaroff, Mrs. A. C. Kaufman, Lt. F. L. Kelly, Mrs. M. Lamb, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. P. R. Murray, Mr. and Mrs. F. Myberg and child, Miss S. M. Mullors, Miss J. Moore, Mr. H. Morrison, Mrs. Emma Malecock, Mr. W. A. Munro, Mr. Irving Miller, Miss Marie Miller, Mr. N. S. Marshall, Mr. Rafael Morales, Mr. Joseph P. Molencio, Mr. D. Noven, Mrs. G. W. Olivercroner, Miss Nell Peddon, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Payne, Mr. E. A. Pauline and 2 children, Miss M. Poarne, Mrs. E. Powrie, Col. A. J. and Mrs. Reiss, Miss M. Reiss, Mrs. E. U. Reid, Mr. Daniel A. Rosario, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sooliz, Dr. W. H. and Mrs. Sprunt, Mr. W. H. Sullie, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Sollers, Mr. D. Stewart, Miss A. Schooly, Mr. T. W. Simmons, Mr. E. Tulasne, Mr. H. Thomas, Mr. A. R. Thorne, Mr. H. M. Tusk, Mr. C. Wilmetto, Mrs. Philip Whitmarsh, Major Post, and Hon. Mrs. Wood, Mrs. G. Welham, Mr. J. Hanbury Williams, Dr. S. P. Wakefield, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Young, Mr. L. E. Branstetton, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Carnot, Mr. F. B. Stork, Hazara Singh, Ishor Singh, Maya Singh and Asra Singh.

POST OFFICE.

Telegraphic communication with Gas Rock Lighthouse is interrupted.

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

INWARD MAILS.

Shanghai—Per KANSU, 16th Jan.
Japan, Shanghai and Manila—Per KASHIMA M., 16th Jan.
Straits and Calcutta—Per TOTO MI M., 17th Jan.
Australia and Manila—Per AKI M., 17th Jan.
Straits—Per KUMANO M., 17th Jan.

OUTWARD MAILS.

To-morrow.
Shanghai & North China—Per SLAVIC PRINCE 8 a.m.
Straits and Bangkok—Per ALASKA M., 5 p.m.
Swatow, Straits & Bangkok—Per LINAN, 5 p.m.
Swatow, Shanghai & North China—Per KWONG SANG, 5 p.m.
Shanghai & North China—Per CHENAN, 3 p.m.
Sunday, 16th Jan.
Swatow *Amoy & Takao—Per SOSHU M., 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Keelung—Per AMAKUSA M., 9 a.m.
Pakhoi, & Haiphong—Per KAIFONG, 9 a.m.

Monday, 17th Jan.

Swatow, Shanghai & N. China—Per YUSANG, 5 p.m.
Japan, Honolulu and San Francisco—Per KYO M., 11 a.m.
Philippine Islands, Sandakan, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Is.—Per HWAH FING, Reg. 8.45 a.m.
Letters 8.30 a.m.

Tuesday, 18th Jan.

Swatow—Per HYDRANGEA, 3.30 p.m.
Swatow and Bangkok—Per LUCHOW, 8 a.m.
Amoy, Shanghai & N. China—Per SUIYANG, noon.
Shanghai & N. China—Per WING SANG, 5 p.m.
Wednesday, 19th Jan.

Swatow, Shanghai and N. China—Per TUNGSHING, 5 p.m.

W. H. Wei, Chefoo & Dairen—Per KWANGSE, 5 p.m.

Hokkaido & Haiphong—Per LOK SANG, 9 a.m.

Thursday, 20th Jan.

Sandakan—Per HIN SANG, 11 a.m.
Shanghai—Per SINKIANG, 11 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per HAIHONG, 11 a.m.
Straits, Bangkok, Calcutta & Aden—Per LAI SANG, 1 p.m.

Friday 21st Jan.

Shanghai & N. China—Per KWAI SANG, 5 p.m.

Saturday, 22nd Jan.

Strata, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, L. Marques, S. Africa, India via Dhanushkodi, Bombay, Aden, Egypt & Europe via Marseilles—Per MAISI, Reg. 5 p.m.
Letters 5 p.m.

The Parcel Mail will be closed on Saturday, 22nd Jan. at noon.

Sunday, 23rd Jan.

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow—Per HAII ONG, 9 a.m.

*Correspondence bearing vessels' name only.

TOKYO MAYORALTY.

It has been decided that Baron Goto, the new Mayor of Tokyo, shall get a yearly salary of Y25,000. Viscount Tajiri, the former Mayor, drew an annual salary of Y15,000. Baron Goto, attending the Tokyo Municipal Assembly for the first time, made a formal address concerning his assumption of the Mayoralty. He expressed himself fully cognizant of the grave difficulties in the way of the proper discharge of the onerous duties which he has just taken up, and consequently of the heavy responsibility attaching to his post and himself. His address was received with cheers, and the election of the Deputy Mayor was then proceeded with. Messrs. Nagata, Ikeda and Mayeda being formally chosen.

EXCHANGE.

(Opening Rate, closing Rate on Page 11.)

SELLING.

N/T 2/11 1/16
Demand 2/11 11/16
50 ds 2/11 13/16
50 ds 2/11 13/16
4 m/s 2/11 1/16
N/T Shanghai Nom.
N/T Singapore 128
N/T Japan 115
N/T India 204
Demand, India 204
N/T San Francisco & New York 533 1/2
N/T Java 164
N/T Marks Nom.
N/T France 905
Demand, Paris —

BUYING.

4 m/s L/C 3/14
4 m/s D/P 3/15
5 m/s L/C 3/2 1/2
30 ds Sydney and Melbourne 3/3 1/2
30 ds San Francisco & New York 533 1/2
4 m/s Marks Nom.
4 m/s France 965
5 m/s France 985
Demand, Germany
Demand, New York 55 1/2
N/T Bombay Nom.
Demand, Bombay 204
N/T Calcutta Nom.
Demand, Calcutta 204
On Yokohama 115
Demand, Manila 124
Demand, Singapore 128
On Haiphong Nom.
On Saigon —
On Bangkok 71
Sovereign Nom. 6.60
Gold leaf per Taal 45.80
Hr Silver, ready 39 1/2
forward 39 1/2
Bank of England rates %/
New York/London 3.04 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

Hongkong 50 cts. pieces 1/10 dis.
10 12 dis.
5 12 dis.
Canton sub-coins 18 2/3 dis.
Hongkong Jan. 14, 1921.

WEATHER REPORT.

Jan. 143 lb. 53m.—Communication between the Observatory and the Cable Company is interrupted.

Pressure has increased moderately from Shanghai to Hongkong and slightly over the Philippines.

The anticyclone has increased in intensity.

Strong monsoon may be expected along the south-east coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.09 inch. Total since January 1st, 0.11 inches, against an average of 0.7 inches.

PREDICTION FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District Forecast.

N. winds.

1 Hongkong to Gap Rock fine to cloudy

2 Formosa Channel The same as No. 1.

3 South coast of China between H.K. & Lamockas The same as No. 1.

The Parcel Mail will be closed on Saturday, 22nd Jan. at noon.

4 South coast of China between H.K. & Hainan The same as No. 1.

Sunday, 23rd Jan.

Swatow, Amoy & Foochow—Per HAII ONG, 9 a.m.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

H.K. Observatory, Jan. 14, 1921.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous Day 6 1/2
At 1 p.m. 6 1/2
At 5 p.m. 6 1/2
At 8 p.m. 6 1/2
Barometer 30.15 30.31 30.30
Temperature 65 46 36
Humidity 44 45 34
Wind Direction N. N. NW
Wind Force 2 2 2
Weather 0 b
Rain 0.00 0.00 0.00
Highest open air Temperature on the 13th 65
Lowest open air Temperature on the 14th 45
T. F. CLAXTON, Director.
H.K. Observatory, Jan. 14.

HOTELS.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

OPERATING.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL,
HOTEL MANSIONS,
THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL,
AND THE
HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

J. H. TAGERT.
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KING EDWARD HOTEL.

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TELEPHONE ON EACH FLOOR,
HOTEL LAUNCH MEETS ALL STEAMERS.
Tel. 373.

Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA"
J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

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1,500 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL!
15 MINUTES FROM LANDSTING STAGE.
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MRS. BLAIR.

EUROPE HOTEL, SINGAPORE.

UNDER NEW BRITISH MANAGEMENT,
THE PREMIER HOTEL FINEST SITUATION.
EXCELLENT CUISINE.

ARTHUR E. ODELL.

(Late Grand Hotel, Southcliff, England and
Royal Palace Hotel, London, W.)

THE CORONET
TO-NIGHT TILL SUNDAY

At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 and 9.15
COLDWYN PRESENTS
PAULINE FREDERICK
IN

"THE PALISER CASE"

"SNUB" COMEDY WITH CORONET JAZZ
BRITISH GAZETTE.

HONGKONG THEATRE

TO-NIGHT at 5.15 and 9.15 p.m.

WALLACE REID

"RIMROCK JONES"

A Paramount Picture in 5 parts.

NOTICE.

TO-DAY'S SHARE QUOTATIONS.

OFFICIAL PRICES.

Banks

H.K. & S. Bank b. 797 1/2 sa. 810 1/2

East Asia b. 124

Marine Insurances

Cantons b. 377

North China b. t. 153

Unions n. 215

Yangtze River b. 23

Far Easterns n. t. 20

Fire Insurances

China Fires b. 125

H.K. Fires b. 316

Shipping

Douglasias sa. 63

H.E. Steamboats b. 244

Indos (Pref.) b. 2